

Latihan Soal Algoritma Euklid, Representasi Bilangan Bulat dan Matriks

33. Use the Euclidean algorithm to find

a) $\gcd(12, 18)$.

b) $\gcd(111, 201)$.

c) $\gcd(1001, 1331)$.

d) $\gcd(12345, 54321)$.

e) $\gcd(1000, 5040)$.

f) $\gcd(9888, 6060)$.

35. How many divisions are required to find $\gcd(34, 55)$ using the Euclidean algorithm?

25. Use the Euclidean algorithm to find the greatest common divisor of 10,223 and 33,341.

3. Convert the binary expansion of each of these integers to a decimal expansion.

a) $(1\ 1111)_2$

b) $(10\ 0000\ 0001)_2$

c) $(1\ 0101\ 0101)_2$

d) $(110\ 1001\ 0001\ 0000)_2$

21. Find the sum of each of these pairs of numbers. Express your answers as a binary expansion.

a) $(100\ 0111)_2, (111\ 0111)_2$

b) $(1110\ 1111)_2, (1011\ 1101)_2$

c) $(10\ 1010\ 1010)_2, (1\ 1111\ 0000)_2$

d) $(10\ 0000\ 0001)_2, (11\ 1111\ 1111)_2$

27. Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find

a) $\mathbf{A} \vee \mathbf{B}$. b) $\mathbf{A} \wedge \mathbf{B}$. c) $\mathbf{A} \odot \mathbf{B}$.

28. Find the Boolean product of $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$, where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$