

## search me about set operation

Set operations are actions performed on two or more sets to create a new set. The most common set operations are union, intersection, and difference  $\frac{[1]}{2}$ .

## **Basic Set Operations:**

- Union: The union of sets A and B, denoted as A U B, includes all elements present in either
  A or B or both [1].
  - ∘ A U B =  $\{x : x \in A \text{ or } x \in B\}$  [1]
  - Example: If A =  $\{1,2,3,4\}$  and B =  $\{6,7\}$ , then A  $\cup$  B =  $\{1,2,3,4,6,7\}$  [1]
- Intersection: The intersection of sets A and B, denoted as A  $\cap$  B, includes all elements that are common to both A and B<sup>[1]</sup>.
  - ∘ A ∩ B =  $\{x : x \in A \text{ and } x \in B\}$  [1]
  - Example: If A =  $\{1,2,3\}$  and B =  $\{3,4,5\}$ , then A  $\cap$  B =  $\{3\}^{[1]}$
- **Difference:** The difference between sets A and B, denoted as A B, includes all elements present in A but not in B<sup>[1]</sup>.
  - $\circ$  A B = {1,2,3,4,5}
  - Example: If A =  $\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$  and B =  $\{6,7\}$ , then A B =  $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$  [1]
- **Complement:** The complement of a set X, denoted as X', includes all elements in the universal set U that are not in  $X^{[1]}$ .
  - ∘  $X' = \{a : a \in U \text{ and } a \notin A\}^{[1]}$
  - Example: If  $U = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$  and  $A = \{1,2,5,6\}$ , then  $A' = \{3,4,7,8\}$

## **Properties of Set Operations:**

- Commutative Property: The order of sets does not affect the result [1].
  - A u B = B u A [1]
  - $\circ$  A  $\cap$  B = B  $\cap$  A [1]
- **Associative Property:** Grouping of sets does not affect the result [1].
  - A  $\cup$  (B  $\cup$  C) = (A  $\cup$  B)  $\cup$  C[1]
  - $\circ$  A  $\cap$  (B  $\cap$  C) = (A  $\cap$  B)  $\cap$  C<sup>[1]</sup>
- **Distributive Property:** Distributing one operation over another [1].
  - $\circ$  A  $\cap$  (B  $\cup$  C) = (A  $\cap$  B)  $\cup$  (A  $\cap$  C)[1]
  - $\circ$  A  $\cup$  (B  $\cap$  C) = (A  $\cup$  B)  $\cap$  (A  $\cup$  C) [1]

Set operations can be grouped together using parentheses to force an order of operations [3]. When performing multiple set operations, the order is as follows [3]:

- 1. Operations within parentheses
- 2. Complements
- 3. Unions and intersections from left to right



- 1. <a href="https://byjus.com/maths/set-operations/">https://byjus.com/maths/set-operations/</a>
- 2. <a href="https://www.vedantu.com/maths/set-operations">https://www.vedantu.com/maths/set-operations</a>
- 3. <a href="https://math.libretexts.org/Courses/Prince\_Georges\_Community\_College/MAT\_1130\_Mathematical\_Ideas\_Mirtova\_Jones\_(PGCC:\_Fall\_2022)/01:\_Sets/1.02:\_Operations\_with\_Sets</a>